









Regional Training on International Water Law (IWL) for improved transboundary water management in Africa

5-12 June 2016, Makerere University (Kampala, Uganda)



Introduction

The African continent has the highest number of transboundary river basins and aquifers that collectively cover more than 64% of Africa's surface area and contain just over 93% of its surface water resources. These rivers are shared between two or more countries. While a common water resource is a potential source of conflict, it also has tremendous potential for cooperation as a driver for economic growth on the African continent.

As water scarcity intensifies, so does the reliance of countries on transboundary water resources which increase interdependencies between or among riparian states. In many cases, countries need to cooperate to manage floods or droughts. However, effective and coordinated management of transboundary water resources and effective cooperation

across borders are among the major challenges that national governments in Africa, regional bodies and organisations face. It is therefore essential to provide tools that will enable transboundary water resources to be managed efficiently, sustainably and equitably. This entails an understanding of the shared benefits resulting from sound water management and the establishment of collaborative governance mechanisms between and among concerned countries.

IGAD and ANBO work within their own mandates and have developed specific skills on transboundary water in order to assist countries and basin organizations develop effective management of shared water resources in Africa. Makerere University and University of Dundee conduct research and are specialised in international water law and cooperate with governments as well as basin organizations to train staff and strengthen

capacities. As a neutral platform, GWP facilitates capacity development and collaboration to build synergies among various stakeholders on integrated approaches to better water resources management.

Within their respective strategies and in the lead-up to setting an ambitious pan African capacity building programme, these 5 partner institutions have joined forces in a 5-year training: Training on International Water Law (IWL). Hence a 2016 Regional IWL for improved transboundary water management in Africa is being organized by Global Water Partnership (GWP) in collaboration with the University of Dundee (UK), Makerere University (Uganda), The Intergovernmental Authority on Development (IGAD) and the African Network for Basin Organizations (ANBO). The Regional Training will take place in Kampala, Uganda 5-12 June 2016.

Target Group

The training is aimed at strengthening capacities of institutions of countries and basin organizations in Africa, in addressing issues related to transboundary water resources management through enhancing knowledge and skills necessary for promoting cooperation among countries. The training will be highly appropriate for those engaged in issues of transboundary water resources management, specifically water management and development practitioners (not necessarily lawyers) in positions to advice, and sometimes even those who make decisions affecting transboundary water resources.

The primary candidates for this training are mid- to high-level practitioners and professionals from river basin organisations and governments (i.e. foreign affairs ministries, ministries in charge of water affairs, legislators, water management agencies, etc.) who have a role in negotiating, drafting or reforming treaties and legislations (regulation, control), planning, decisionmaking on transboundary waters. The training

will also consider a limited number of GWP Africa Partners who are in position to contribute with specialised knowledge and experience on water governance in international watercourses.

Requirements

Interested applicants for this IWL Training are required to have a university degree in Hydrology, Environmental Science, Earth Sciences, Law, Agriculture, International Relations or a related field. Applicants must be recommended by IGAD and other Regional Economic Communities such SADC, EAC ECOWAS etc., GWP Regional and Country Water Partnerships in Africa and ANBO based on support from their respective institutions. The training will be conducted in both English and French with simultaneous translation. Thus, participants are required to be proficient in either English or French. Applicants are expected to prepare a case study (3-5 pages) prior to the workshop, designed to share their experiences in transboundary water issues, which will be presented during the training and refined to facilitate peer learning amongst the participants.

Funding

The training is planned for a maximum of 40 participants and funding is available for 30 participants. Only applicants working and based in an African country are eligible to receive funding. The other 10 spaces are open for self-sponsored participants. Self-sponsored participants are expected to cover their own accommodation and travel costs, and pay USD 500 to cover course materials, lunch, refreshments and other related expenses. Self-sponsored participants may approach other development partners or projects for possible support.

Applications

Download the online application form here, and send it with the following:

- transcripts of university courses with grades, and a copy of diploma
- a full CV and the contact information of two referees
- letter of motivation (description of past and current work as well as your suitability for the programme)
- 2 letters of recommendation; one from the above stated institutions and another from your work place.

Please email the documents in Word or pdf to Mr. Kenge James Gunya at kenge.james.gunya@gwp.org, from whom further information on the training programme can be obtained.

Applications will be accepted from 20 January to 10 March 2016. Incomplete applications will not be considered for evaluation.

Successful candidates will be notified by the end of March 2016.

The Global Water Partnership (GWP) is a worldwide network which for over a decade has successfully supported countries to implement the equitable and sustainable management of their water resources. The network has more than 3000 institutional Partners, and spans over 172 countries in 13 regions. Its regional secretariat for Eastern Africa is located in Entebbe, Uganda. http://www.gwp.org/en/GWP-Eastern-Africa/ and the global secretariat is in Stockholm, Sweden. www.gwp.org

The University of Dundee Centre for Water Law, Policy and Science, under the auspices of UNESCO, is an international leader in water law, policy and science. The Centre's Water Law Water Leaders programme forms the heart of its teaching, and is focused on developing a new generation of local water leaders to effect locally-devised and locally-driven solutions to water issues. www.dundee.ac.uk/water

Participants who successfully complete the Regional Training will receive a Certificate of Attendance ratified by Course Organizers.

Makerere University-Environmental Law Centre is a department at the School of Law and its central purpose is to act as a centre of excellence of environmental law and policy in the Eastern Africa region. The Centre is responsible for teaching and research of environmental law and policies related courses. It is the first Environmental Law Centre of Excellence in the Eastern Africa Region and applies inter and multidisciplinary as well as collaborative approaches in its methods of teaching and research. It hosts the Regional Centre of Excellence on Water Law and Policy and operates within the School of Law's main objective of producing legal professionals who are well equipped to deal with new and emerging legal problems. The Centre is driven by a strong desire to serve the community. http://mak.ac.ug/academic-units/colleges-anddepartments

Intergovernmental Authority On Development (IGAD) in Eastern Africa was created in 1996 to supersede the Intergovernmental Authority on Drought and Development (IGADD) which was founded in 1986.IGAD is now one of Africa's regional political, economic, development, trade and security entity. IGAD promotes co-operation, integration, peace and stability in the region in order to attain food security, sustainable environment management and sustainable development. Its member countries include Djibouti, Eritrea, Ethiopia, Kenya, Somalia, South Sudan, Sudan and Uganda. IGAD's Secretariat is in Djibouti. www.http://igad.int

African Network for Basin Organizations (ANBO) was created in 2002 to facilitate and support the establishment and strengthening of basin organizations in Africa.

SITWA Project (Strengthening Institutions for Transboundary Water Resources Management in Africa) is a pan-African initiative supported by the European Commission which aims to improve regional cooperation for sustainable management of transboundary water resources in Africa, focusing on programmatic and institutional strengthening of the ANBO. It is implemented by the GWP and ANBO Technical Secretariat which is hosted by Senegal River Authority (OMVS) in Senegal. www.raob-anbo.org, www.sadieau.org or www.awis.org