# Analysis of Biomass and Forestry Issues in the Drin River Basin

Connect Natural Values and People Foundation

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## Introduction biomass & forestry study

- Analysis of Biomass and Forestry issues in the Drin River Basin
- Focus on interdependencies water, energy, forestry and biomass

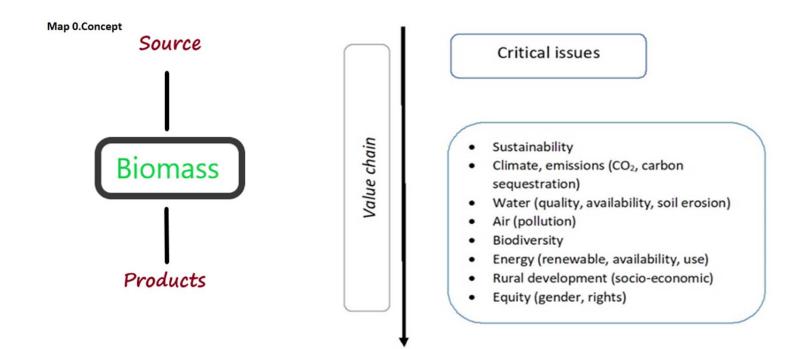


### This workshop

Sustainable Forest Management (SFM) is important for:

- supply of good-quality fresh water,
- protection against natural hazards like floods or soil erosion, and
- combating desertification
- Land cover soil conservation reduce sedimentation, reservoir lifespan
- Avoid agricultural land degradation
- Reduce cost of damaged infrastructure (irrigation systems, hydropower)



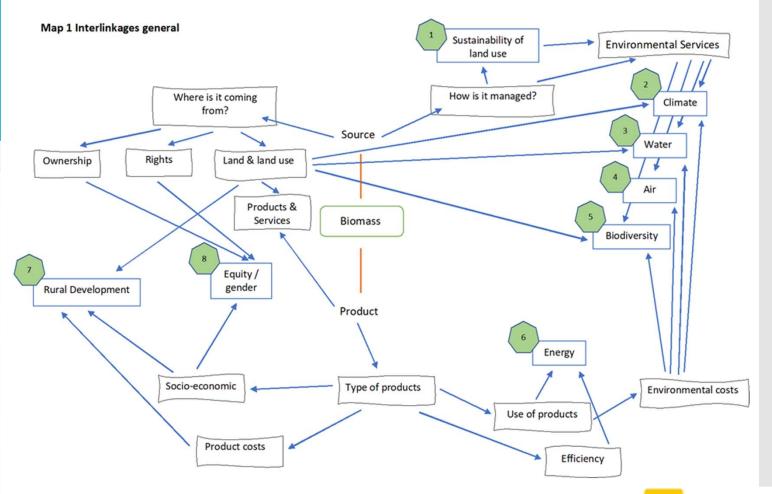


## Study - Main Concept & Critical Issues



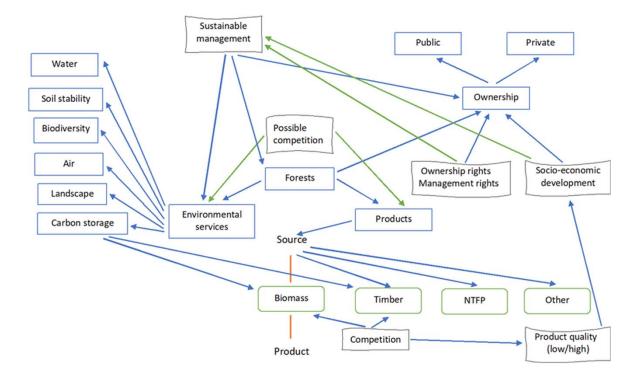
## Map of Interlinkages

SDG	Description	Critical issue of the biomass nexus
SDG 1	No poverty	Rural Development (socio- economic) (7)
SDG 2	Zero hunger	Sustainability (1) Biodiversity (5)
SDG 5	Gender equality	Equality (gender, rights) (8)
SDG 6	Clean water and sanitation	Water (quality, availability, soil erosion) (3)
SDG 7	Affordable and clean energy	Energy (renewable, availability, use) (6) Air pollution (4)
SDG 13	Climate action	Climate, emissions (CO <sub>2</sub> , carbon sequestration) (2)
SDG 15	Life on land	Biodiversity (5) Sustainability (1)



## Forest and Biomass relation

#### **Map Forest - Biomass**





## Key Indicators Forest Biomass

Key indicators Forests and Land in the Drin Basin			
Key indicator	Value		
Forests land (ha)	835,76o ha		
Wood biomass harvest (m³/yr)	2,963,597 m³/yr		
Annual growth forest (m³/yr)	1,950,110 m³/yr		
Degraded forest (ha)	99,087 ha		



Forests harvest

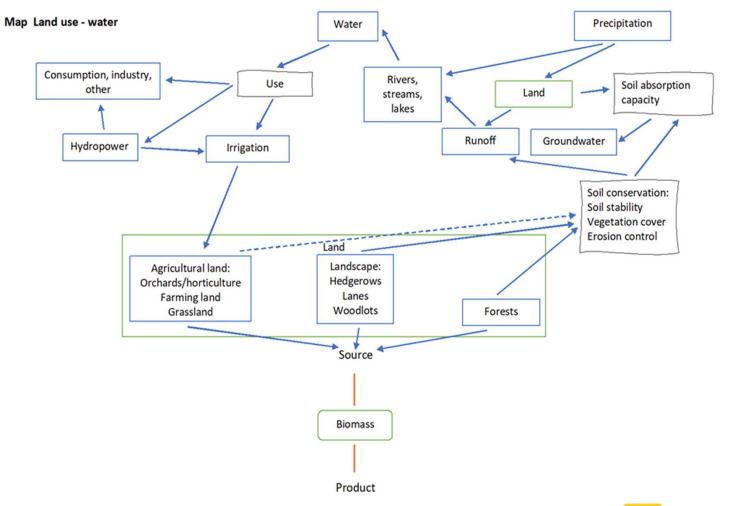
- the
importance of
wood for
energy

Annual Harvest Wood Products in Drin River Basin (Albania, Kosovo, Montenegro, North Macedonia							
	Total				Annual	Annual	Annual
	annual	Annual	Annual	Annual	harvest	harvest	harvest
	harvest	harvest	harvest	harvest	fuelwood	processed	processed
Drin	(m³/yr)	timber	timber (%	fuelwood	(% of	biomass	biomass
Basin	in Basin	$(m^3/yr)$	of total)	$(m^3/yr)$	total)	$(m^3/yr)$	(% of total)
Total	2.96 mln	0.19 mln	6.4%	2.43 mln	82.0%	0.34 mln	11.6%

E	Energy use and type of energy use						
					Biomass		Share of
			Energy use	Share of	use of		biomass of
		Energy use	renewables	renewable	renewables	Share of	renewables
I	Orin Basin	(GWh/yr)	(GWh/yr)	s (%)	(GWh/yr)	biomass (%)	(%)
7	Гotal	83,073	29,088	35.0%	20,827	25.1%	71.6%



## Land – Energy – Water - Climate relation





### Key Indicators Forest - Water

Key indicators Water for the Drin Basin		
Key indicator	Value	
Soil loss (m³ or t/ha)	17.1 million m³ in North Macedonia	
	2 million m³ in Montenegro	
	10.9 — 15.1 t/ha in Albania	
Water availability from	Not available	
rivers or for irrigation		
(m³)		
Vegetation cover (ha	835,760 ha forest in the basin	
and %)	(38%)	



#### Recommendations

- 1. Sustainable management natural resource is a pre-requisite
- 2. River basin and regional approach, cooperation and communication needed
- 3. training, extension service
- 4. Promote biomass as a efficient energy source (replacing firewood and fossil fuels)
- 5. Include gender perspective in value chain development for biomass
- 6. A pro-poor initiatives e.g. obtaining seasoned firewood or shifting to biomass systems

Thank you

End

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