

Remote-controlled irrigation system to address water scarcity: the SWat Project

LEBANON, Shouf Biosphere Reserve

















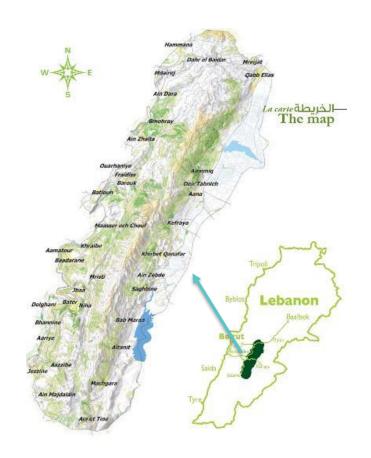
United Nations - UNESCO Chair in

Educational, Scientific and - Engineering for Human and
Cultural Organization - Sustainable Development



The Shouf Biosphere Reserve

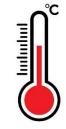
- Nature Reserve in 1996
- UNESCO Man and Biosphere Reserve in 2005
- Green Listed by IUCN in 2018
- 50,000 hectares, one of the largest protected areas in the East Mediterranean area
- 5% of Lebanese territory





Climate Change effects in the SBR

- Annual precipitation decreased by 43% over 30 years
- Increase in average monthly temperature (1°C in January and February; 4°C in August)
 - 40% reduction of snow coverage



Reduction of the total volume of water resources from 6 to 8%

Water deficit for irrigation purposes



Lebanon's 3rd National Communication to the UNFCC - 2016 Assessment of Water Resources & Climate Change in the SBR - 2017



The SWat Project

Objective

Increase the adaptation capacity to economic losses and freshwater depletion induced by climate change through an efficient use of water resources in the Shouf District



Beneficiaries

116,000 inhabitants of the SBR, highly vulnerable to the availability of freshwater and to climate change

Technologies

Smart precision irrigation solution





The target area of the project

- 1. Municipality of Mrusti, located in the Development zone of the Reserve (22 ha)
- 2. Bekaa valley study area (9 ha) in Skaff wine estate

Target groups

- Mrusti cooperative members (93)
- 7 cooperatives of the SBR
- Municipality of Mrusti and members of the Water Committee
- Rural population
- Governmental officials at the regional and national level (110) Ministry of Water and Energy, Ministry of Agriculture, Green Plan, Ministry of Environment, Mount Lebanon Water Establishment
- Universities and Research Institutes



Actions of the SWat Project

Improving water catchment and distribution
Rehabilitation of hill lakes

Reducing water and energy consumption Rehabilitation and upgrade of the irrigation system: drip and smart irrigation



Promoting sustainable water use and management Technical trainings targeting local authorities, cooperatives, farmers and all relevant stakeholders

Disseminating best practices

Communication campaign and awareness raising program targeting Universities, Research Institutes, Policy makers and Farmers





The X Farm solution

The 3 pillars of Smart Irrigation

- 1. Monitoring
- 2. Irrigation Advice
- 3. Automation





The X Farm solution

Data collected from

- Soil sensors
- Weather station
- Weather forecast
- Sentinel satellite

are combined and analysed through an algorithm.

An **irrigation advice** is provided based on:

- Type of crop
- Type of soil





The **irrigation advice** is sent to controllers for the opening and closing of the hydro valves.

The farmer can control his irrigation system remotely



The X Farm platform

- User-friendly application
- Map of agricultural fields
- Field activities planning
- Records of field production
- Agronomical decision support





OUTCOMES

- 30% water saving
- +10% production
- 15% admin time saving
- 80 small-scale farmers benefitting from the precision solution
- Committee of trained farmers responsible for the management of the system









Sustainability

- Trainings to accompany the shift to the new irrigation technology, at both users and governance levels
- Dialogue promoted between producers and potential private service providers
- Local private service providers involved and trained for providing a basic support to the system as needed
- Municipality of Mrusti entitled for for the management, maintenance and governance of the ponds and securing the distribution of water resources















