

GCF mandate, programming cycle, opportunities and climate rationale for water

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Overview



- 1. Mandate and status
- 2. Investment criteria
- 3. GCF project programming cycle (Readiness, NAPs, PPF, SAP, full FPs)
- 4. ESS & Gender
- 5. Climate Rationale



Overview



1. Mandate and status

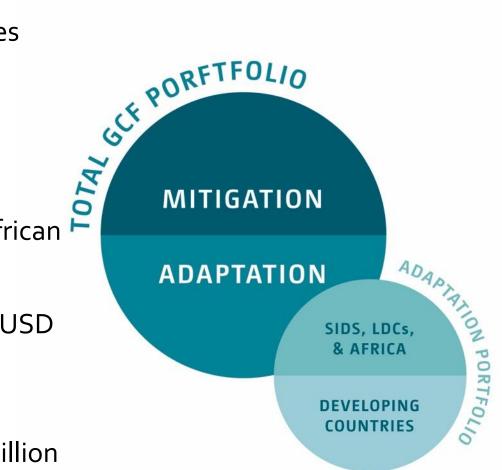
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Opportunities for Transformative Support GREEN CLIMATE **FUND** Country driven Paradigm Direct shift Access Green Climate Fund Private Climate and Public rationale sectors Readiness & Project Prep



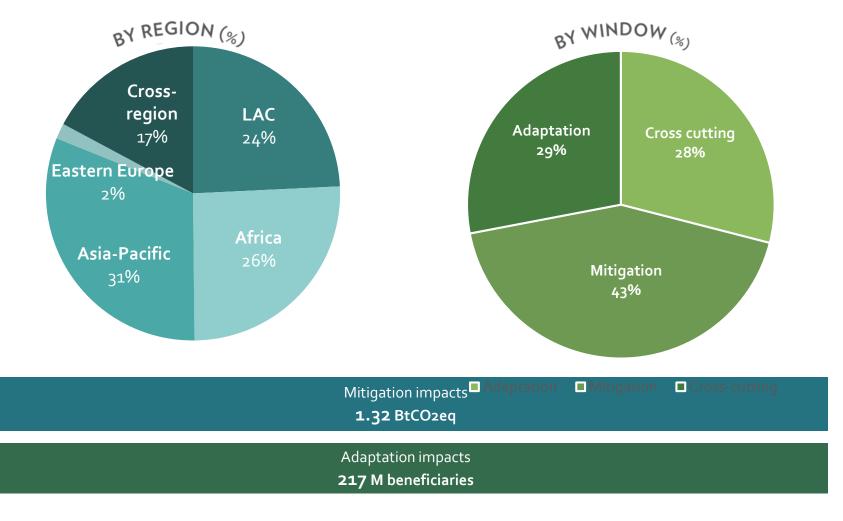
- Scale: USD 10.3 billion in pledges (USD 9.9 billon signed contributions)
- Balance: 50/50 adaptation & mitigation; 50% adaptation resources for LDCs, SIDS and African States
- **Approvals:** 76 projects totaling USD 3.74B committed; 8.86B co-financing
- **Readiness support:** USD 140 million committed
- Project preparation: USD 40 million





Composition of the growing portfolio

76 projects/programmes committed totaling USD 3.74 billion of GCF funds



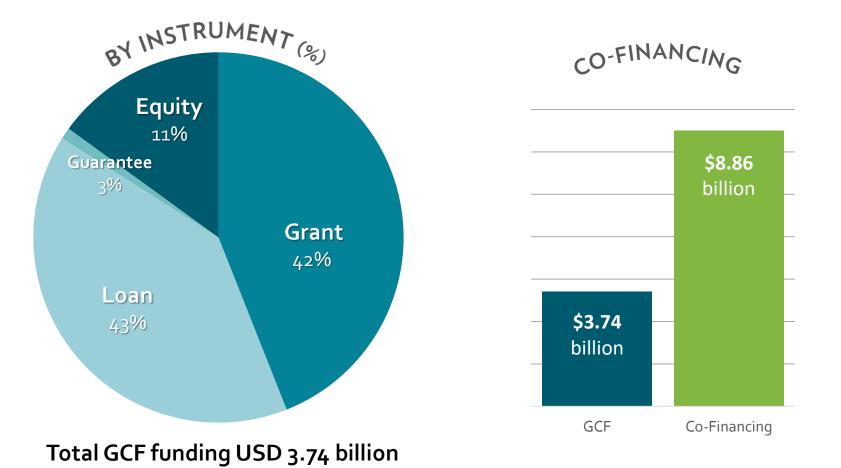
GREEN CLIMATE

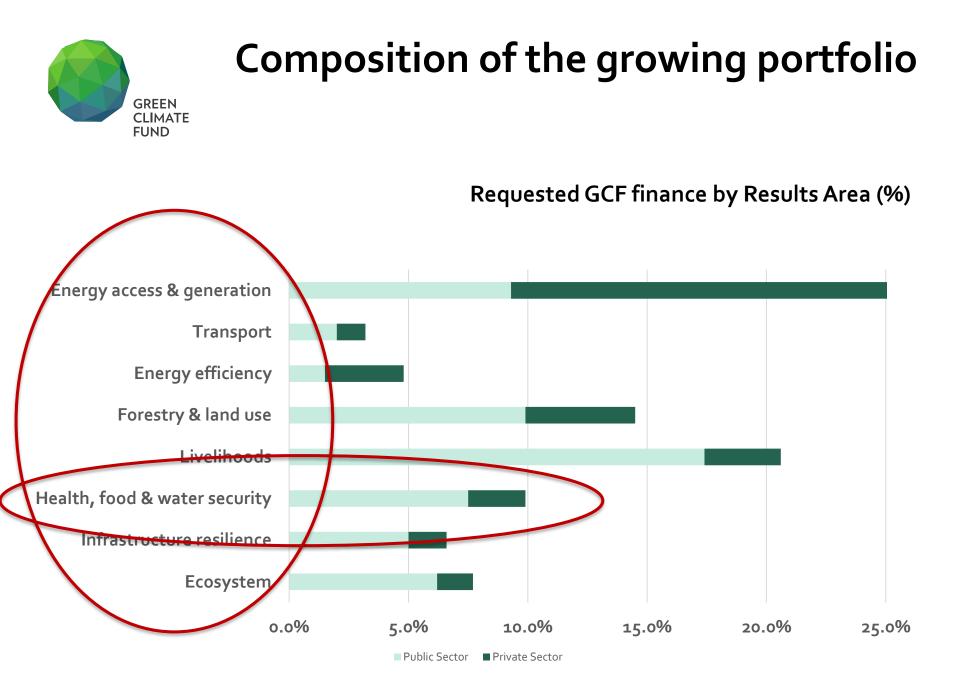
FUND



Composition of the growing portfolio

GCF finance committed







GCF Portfolio – Approved Projects

1. All climate sectors:

- 74 projects
- \$3.7 bn GCF finance, \$12.6bn total
- 75M direct and 217M indirect beneficiaries

Climate and water:

- 21 projects
- \$737M GCF finance, \$2.2bn total
- 10M direct and 74M indirect beneficiaries



GCF Portfolio – Pipeline projects

2 All climate sectors:

- 156 projects
- \$7.7 bn GCF finance, \$20.1bn total

Climate and water sector:

- 41 projects
- \$1.5bn GCF finance, \$3.2bn total



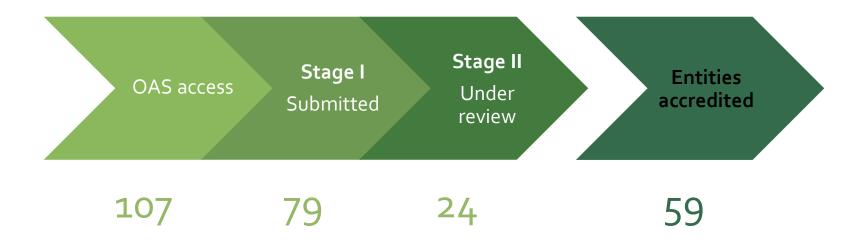
GCF Portfolio By Water Subsectors

Subsector	# Approved projects	Total value approved (\$M)	# Pipeline projects
Coastal	5	141	9
Flood	3	153	7
Water supply	3	102	9
Drainage/sanitation/health	1	18	1
Irrigation	2	63	5
Hydropower	2	136	-
Ecosystems/wetlands	2	30	2
Drought	3	93	10



Accreditation: State of play

Pipeline of 210 entities





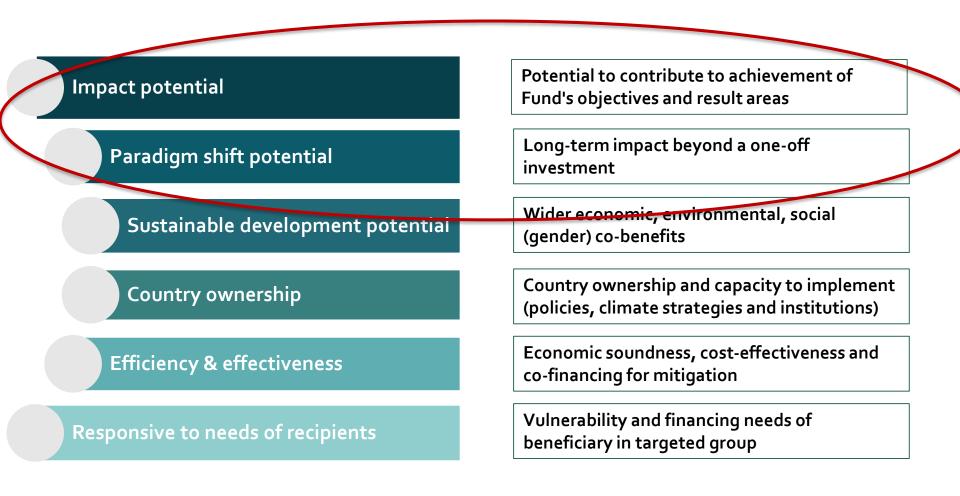
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GCF Investment Criteria





Mitigation

1a) Emission trajectory for the relevant country and sector 1b) Pathways to shift emissions trajectory

Adaptation

1a) Climate impacts the project/programme aims to address
1b) Hazard, exposure and vulnerabilities resulting in risks

2) Prioritized interventions/solutions for addressing barriers based on a multi-criteria analysis of options

3) Integration to broader domestic and international policy and decision-making processes



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- **3.** GCF project programming cycle

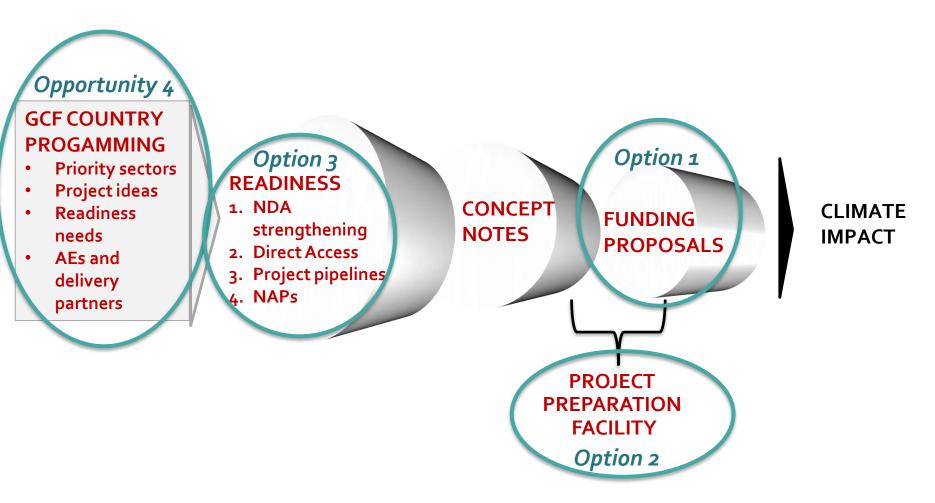
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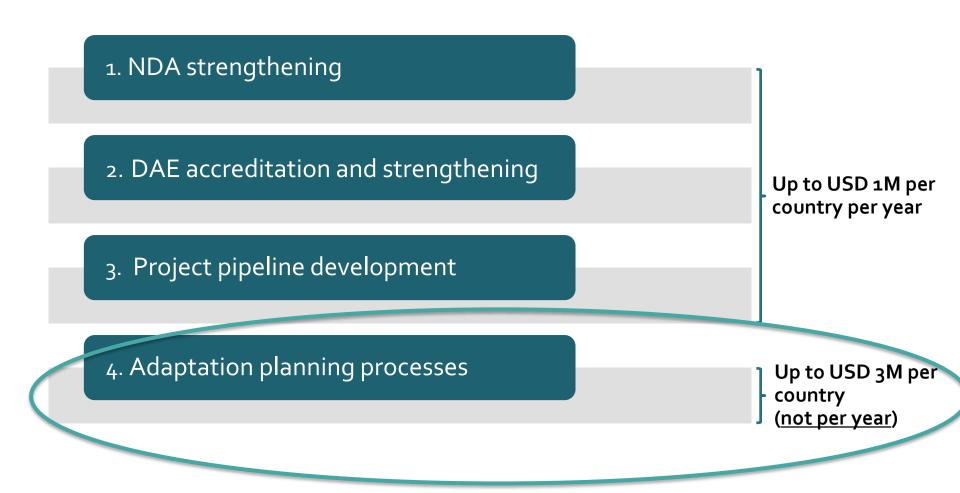
GCF Programming Cycle

(and opportunities for water-related programming)





Readiness areas of support





Status: GCF NAP Support

	Submitted	Approved + Endorsed	Pending comments from Secretariat	Pending resubmission by NDA
Status today	60	26 (19+7)	18	24
Status on 1 January 2018	40	8 (3+5)	***	
Status on 1 January 2018 40 8 (3+5) Kyrgyz Republic Tajikistan Mongolia Bosnia & Herzegovina Serbia Azerbaijan Montenegro Armenia Serbia Azerbaijan Mati Dominican Republic Guatemala Honduras Antigua & Barbuda Honduras Antigua & Barbuda El Salvador Verus Vruguay Argentina Mali Seychelle Lesotho				utan h Imar PNG



Adaptation planning outcomes

1. Adaptation governance and coordination

2. Impact and investment information

3. Knowledge, information & communication

4. Policy & strategy development/integration

5. Financing strategy

6. Monitoring & learning



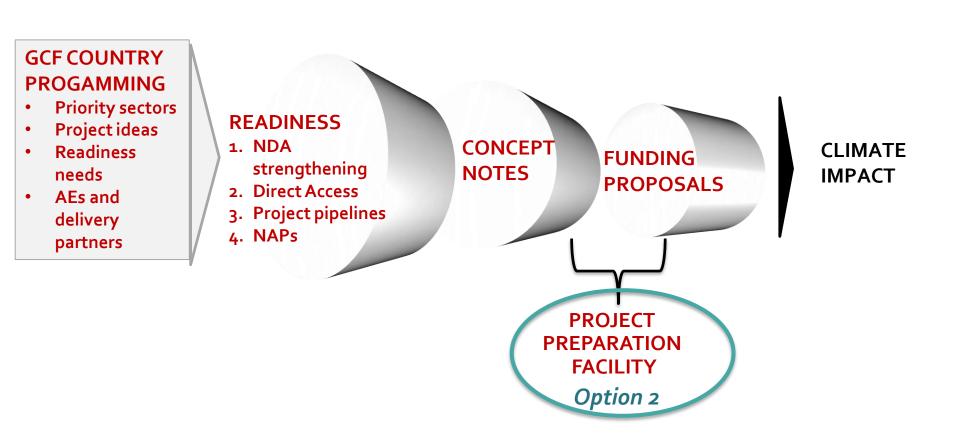
Adaptation Planning Review Criteria

1. Focus strategically within a national vision	2. Plan to address specific climate impacts and vulnerabilities	3. Develop financing strategy for each adaptation priority	4. Articulate theory of change
5. Avoid duplication of effort	6. Engage stakeholders proactively	7. Build gender considerations	8. Cultivate private sector investment
	9. Monitor and report systematically	10. Coherence and complementarity with other funds	



GCF Programming Cycle

(and opportunities for water-related programming)





Project preparation facility

What is on offer?	Support for project preparation leading to catalytic Funding Proposals		
	Especially for Direct Access Entities and micro-small size projects		
	Grants, repayable grants or equity (typically USD 250-600k)		
How to apply?	Accredited Entities (especially Direct Access) submit		
	Request submitted with Project Concept and NDA no-objection		
What is	Underlying project assessed against GCF investment criteria		
assessed?	Project preparation activities assessed against budget, counterpart, justification		
	Approval by Executive Director		



1. PPF Funds: Status

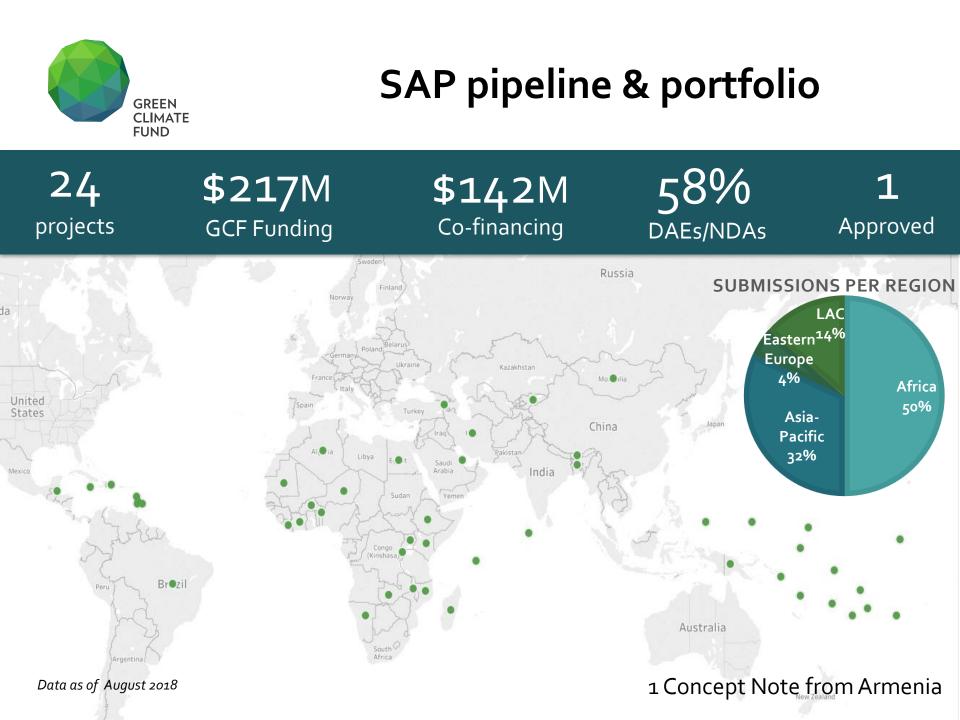
Overall PPF portfolio

Status#Submitted (with NOL)58 (37 active)- DAEs- 28Approved + Endorsed17 (13+4)- DAEs- 11 (8+3)

States

Approved	PPF a	pplications
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Accredited Entity	Country	Project Sector	Amount (USD)
MoE	Rwanda	Ecosystem & Agriculture	1,498,841
WMO	5 Pacific countries	Early Warning	535,833
ADA	Morocco	Agriculture	717,407
DBSA	South Africa	Energy Efficiency	318,060
ссссс	Belize	Renewable Energy	694,000
CAF	Colombia	Transport	1,415,750
UNDP	Liberia	Coastal management	934,185
BOAD	Niger	Agriculture	439,134
СІ	Ecuador	Ecosystem	277,172
NEMA	Kenya	Adaptive capacity	371,200
UNEP	Jordan	Landscape Management	278,946
DBSA	South Africa	Waste Management	1,359,719
IDB	Paraguay	Urban Development	548,205 t 8 October 2018





What has been "simplified"?



SIMPLER DOCUMENTS

Key documents have been simplified, and presented in a single, up-front list



FEWER PAGES

A shorter form with significantly fewer pages. The total length of funding proposals should not exceed 20 pages, or 10,000 words



EASIER FORM-FILLING

Fewer questions and clearer guidance allows more concise responses for each sub-section, avoiding duplication of information



Eligibility criteria





Overview



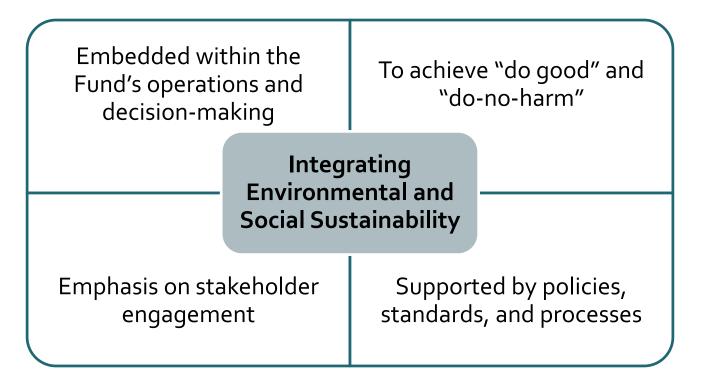
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ESS in the context of GCF



GCF Policies:

- Environmental and social policy
- Indigenous peoples policy
- Gender policy



Screening	Assessment	A) High risk	significant adverse impacts that are irreversible, diverse, or unprecedented
and scoping		B) Moderate risk	potential impacts less adverse, limited, site-specific, likely reversible, readily mitigated
Monitoring	Mitigation	C) Low risk	none to minimal adverse environmental and social impacts easily and fully mitigated



Environmental and social safeguards

Consistent approach and requirements

IFC Performance Standards for Environmental and Social Sustainability (2012)

IFC Guidance Notes on the Performance Standards for Environmental and Social Sustainability

- **PS1:** Assessment and Management of ES Risks and Impacts
- **PS2**: Labor and Working Conditions
- **PS3:** Resource Efficiency and Pollution Prevention
- **PS4:** Community Health, Safety & Security
- **PS5:** Land Acquisition and Involuntary Resettlement
- **PS6:** Biodiversity Conservation and Sustainable Management of Living Natural Resources
- **PS7:** Indigenous Peoples
- **PS8:** Cultural Heritage





Gender requirements

- Determine how project can respond to women's and men's needs
- Identify drivers of change and gender dynamics
- Design gender elements in project/program activities
- Estimate the implementation budget
- Select outputs, outcomes and impact indicators
- Design implementation and monitoring institutional arrangements

Equitable and meaningful stakeholder consultation

- Active and meaningful participation of women and men
- With voices and issues identified incorporated in to the program activities



Gender recommendations

- Gender expert to conduct gender analysis/ assessment/ action plan
 - Sex-disaggregated data should be collected and <u>analyzed</u>
- Ensure action plans are informed by gender analysis
 - Establish baseline and monitor
- Maintain gender expert for technical support during implementation
 - Assess and course correct throughout the project life cycle



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Coastlines affected by:

Sea Level Rise

- + Thermal expansion of the oceans
- + Melting icecaps
- + Land subsidence
- + Salination

Increased storminess

- + Size and frequency of storms
- + Wave action
- + Erosion





Interventions/solutions include:

- 1. Resilient buildings
- 2. Livelihoods adaption
- 3. Coastal zoning
- 4. Insurance
- 5. Soft flood defences
- 6. Hard defences
- 7. Warning systems
- 8. Managed Retreat











+ Land subsidence may be due to groundwater pumping

+ Erosion due to sand mining, or lack of sediment replenishment (dams)

+ Salination may be due to over-abstraction from coastal aquifers, or rivers

Therefore:

- What is an appropriate standard of defence? Cost benefit ratio?
- What is the residual risk behind coastal defences?
- How much will maintenance cost and who is responsible for funding it?



Flood Management

Communities and ecosystems affected by:

Climate change

- + More intense and/or frequent rainfall
- + Maximum probable floods

Additional impacts:

- Upper catchment changes
- Urbanisation
- Inadequate drainage
- Infrastructure failures





Flood Management

Interventions/solutions include:

- 1. Resilient infrastructure
- 2. Livelihoods adaption
- 3. Flood mapping
- 4. Land use zoning
- 5. Insurance
- 6. Soft flood defences
- 7. Hard defences
- 8. Flood warnings
- 9. Managed Retreat











Flood Management Project issues

Integrated catchment planning

Management of the upper catchment

Making space for water - and impacts downstream

What is an appropriate standard of defence? Cost benefit ratio?

What is the residual risk behind flood defences?

How much will maintenance cost and who is responsible for funding it?



Water Resources

Communities and ecosystems affected by:

Climate change:

+ Extended and more frequent droughts

and:

- Population growth
- Industry and tourism
- Per capita usage growth
- Overabstraction
- Pollution





Water Resources

Possible responses include:

Demand management

- 1. Leakage reduction
- 2. Water conservation
- 3. Re-use & recycling
- 4. Efficient irrigation

Supply enhancement

- 1. More storage
- 2. New supply infrastructure











Absent from the GCF portfolio

Water and health

Water and temperature changing distribution of water-borne, -washed –based and -related diseases

Navigation

As a low emissions form of transport





