Environment & Social Governance by Creating Water Positive Impact Initiatives at Catchment Area and Where We Operate



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Our Vision: One Planet, One Health

The health of people and the health of the planet are interconnected

Our Mission: building a healthier future from a healthy lifestyle, a healthy earth and a healthy ecosystem

Our commitment: Double commitment to always prioritize harmony between economic and social progress through various sustainable and integrated social initiatives from upstream, middle and downstream areas





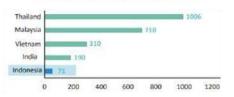
Indonesia's Water Challenge

Today's Scene

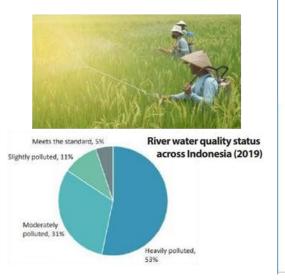
More than 1% of Indonesia's forest cover is lost every year, affecting watersheds



Storage capacity per capita in m3

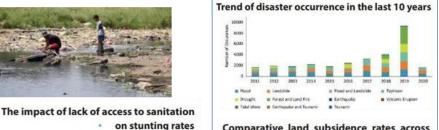


80% water demand is agricultural while its **intensive-use of chemical** also deteriorate water quality

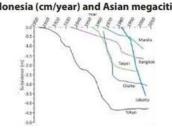


70 % of household drinking water sources Three-quarters of Indonesia's contaminated with fecal bacteria, led todisasters are hydrological, making





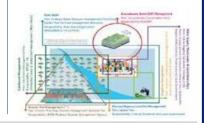
Comparative land subsidence rates across Indonesia (cm/year) and Asian megacities

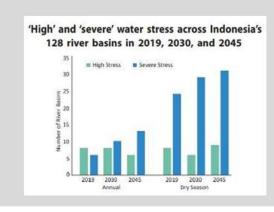


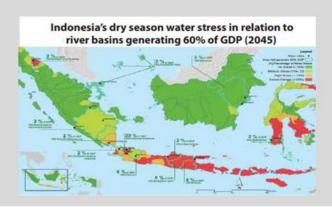
Fragmented responsibility and overlapped jurisdiction among water agencies, limit its functioning

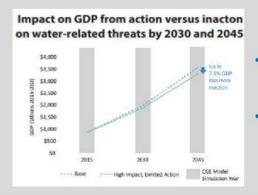


Overlapping responsibilities and planning documents in a river basin



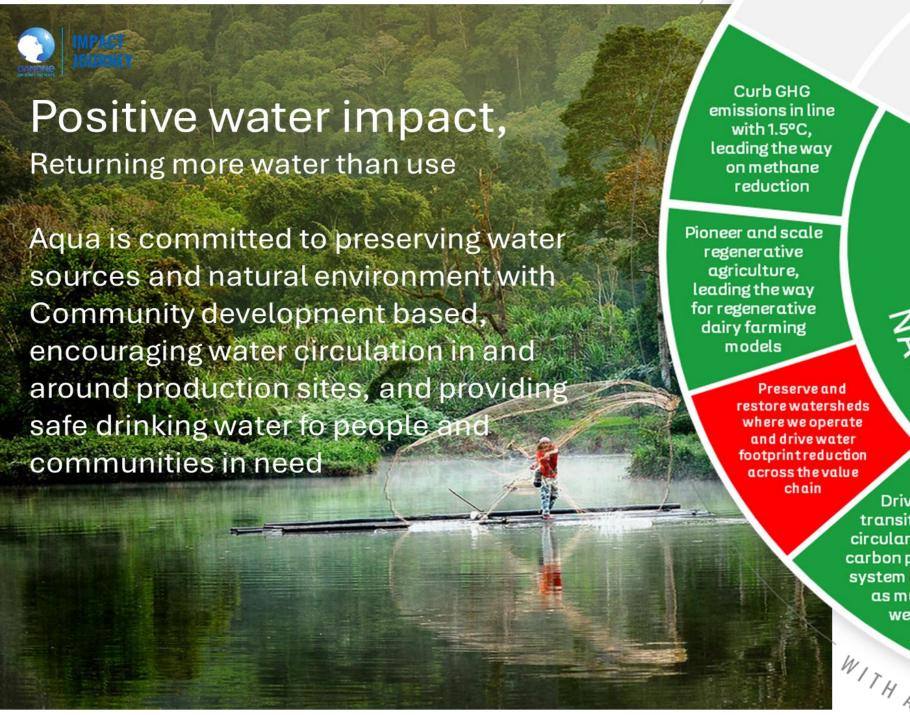






Future's Threats

- By 2045, 31 river basins out of 128, are expected to face a water supply-demand deficit
- If water-related threats remain unaddressed, GDP is projected to be 7.3% lower by 2045 vs target



Drive the
transition to a
circular and lowcarbon packaging
system & recover
as much as
we use

Cut waste across the value chain

BRINGING
HEALTH THROUGH
FOOD TO AS MANY
PEOPLE AS
POSSIBLE





Champion ocial contra osperous & in upholding hu

PRESERVE & REGENERATE NATURE Pillar





Preserved and Restore Watershed

Water Stewardship

- Watershed Study
- Water Conservation,
- Biodiversity
- Community Development



Drive Water Efficiency in and Around Production Site

Water Efficiency and 4R and Clean Water Discharge



Clean Water Access

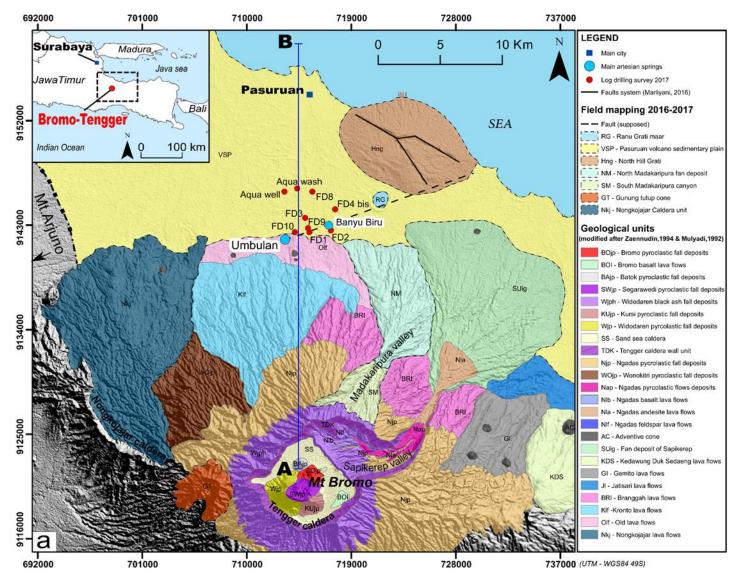
Clean Water Access, Sanitation & hygiene

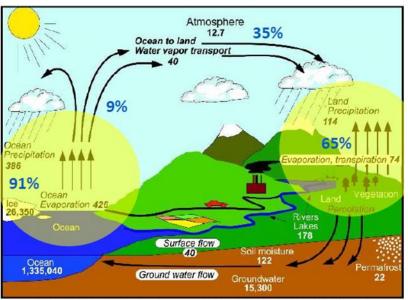


IMPACT JOURNEY

Every Water Sources have its fingerprint







Units: Thousand cubic km for storage, and thousand cubic km/yr for exchanges *1990s



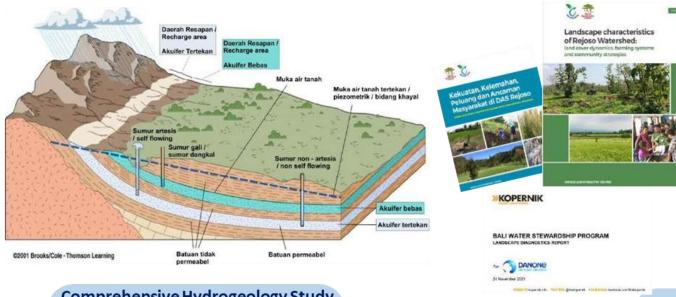
Developing Research-Based Water Stewardship Design

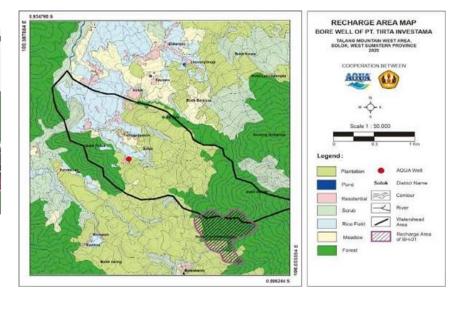






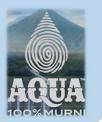






Comprehensive Hydrogeology Study

- Geology
- Geophysics
- Hydrogeology
- Hydrology
- Hydro-isotop analysis
- Hydrochemistry



Hydrogeology **Conceptual Model**



- Ensuring the sustainability of our water source
- Measuring water balance
- Identifying recharge area, where conservation activities Should be focusing on
- Developing a water protection zone from all possible contamination

Social

- · Rapid social and stakeholder mapping
- · Socio-economic study (high-stressed watershed)

- Identifying stakeholders to engage
- Knowing the biggest water usage and its users
- Understanding social risks concerning water
- Designing relevant initiatives

PUSUR Sub Watershed Context

- Within 2 Districts, Klaten and Boyolali
- Pusur river laid across within the watershed for 37 km



Midstream

Organic Farming Agroforestry **Dairy Farming Community Development**



Upstream – Recharge Area



























Water Access



Downstream

Artificial Aquifer Recharge

Infiltration Well and Recharge Well

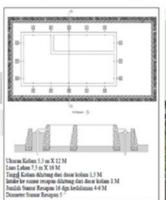






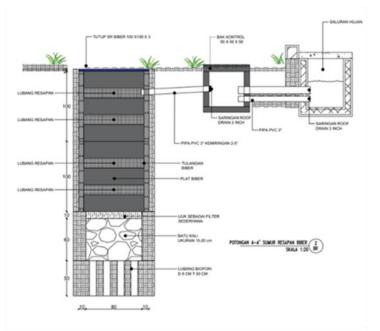
Model of infiltration wells and recharge wells from rooftop rainwater harvesting planned on site (Rohman, 2020)

Infiltration Pond



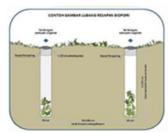


Model of infiltration pond planned on site in Indonesia language (Rohman, 2020)



AQUA

Biopore





Biopore model planned on site in Indonesia language (Rohman, 2020)

Trench



Model of infiltration trench planned on site in Indonesia langage where shows the dimention of long (panjang), wide (lebar) and depth (tinggi) (Rohman, 2020)



Circularity IN and AROUND **4R**



Reduce the Total Volume of Water Needed to Operate the System

- 1. Define Water Optimal usage
- 2. Leak Hunting
- 3. Water Saving Valve
- 4. Rainwater Harvesting
- 5. Awareness

1 REDUCE

2 REUSE

RECYCLE

Directly use some rejected water to another application without treatment

- 1. Defined Water Reuse Spec and quantity.
- 2. Segregate Water Characteristic

- 1. Defined Water Usage Spec & Quantity in or around Plant.
- 2. Defined the optimum Technology

Treat wastewater to a specific water quality for additional internal use or external purpose

RECLAIM

- 1. Defined Water Usage Spec & quantity.
- 2. Segregate Water based on characteristics
- 3. Defined the optimum Technology

Use rejected water for another application with treatment to match specific water quality



Water Sanitation & Hygiene

Measuring the Impact Water Stewardship

Safe Water, Sanitation & Hygiene



"POSITIVE WATER IMPACT"

AQUA water stewardship program validation

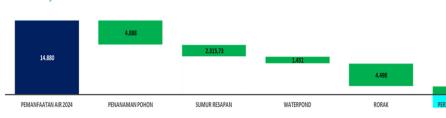
The planning and calculation of the water stewardship target referred to the Volumetric Water Benefit Accounting (VWBA) guide issued by the water research institute (Reig et.al, 2019). Based on the activity targets, the activities were divided into several main activities

- 1. Restoration of Land Cover in Recharge Areas
- 2. Restoration of Artificial Recharge-Catchment Areas
- 3. Accessibility Activities, Hygiene and Water Sanitation (Water Accessibility, Sanitation and Hygiene/WASH)



Water Challenge Water Stewardship Outcomes Activities Restoration of land Cover in Recharge Area - Tree Planting Restoration of Artificial Recharge Catchments Area Infiltration Well Water Ouantity Sustainable Water Balance Infiltration Well RWH Recharge Pond Bio pore Trench Water Quality Wastewater Treatment **Good Water Quality**

Water Access, Sanitation and Hygiene (WASH)



These efforts are carried out to compensate for the water extraction



Reig, P., Larson, W., Vionnet, S., & Bayart, J. B. (2019). Volumetric Water Benefit Accounting (VWBA): A method for implementing and valuing water stewardship activities.

PERTANIAN REGENERATIF AKSES AIR BERSIH

9,007



Measuring the Impact Community Development



Social Return on Investment (SRoI) is a method used to *measure and calculate* the value of usefulness, or the impact of the success created from the implementation of a social environmental program

PRINCIPLE OF SROI

- 1. Involve stakeholders: Ensure those affected by the initiative have a say in how its impact is measured.
- 2. Understand what changes: Clearly define the positive and negative effects of the initiative.
- 3. Value the things that matter: Focus on the aspects of change that stakeholders consider most important.
- 4. Only include what is material: Establish priorities and thresholds for including impacts that are significant to stakeholders.
- 5. Do not overclaim: Claim only those impacts that can be attributed to the activity under review. Use benchmarks, trends, and baselines to assess the extent to which the activity has had impact.\
- 6. Be transparent: Make the measurement process and findings clear and easy to understand. Document decisions made during analysis and their rationale.
- 7. **Verify the result:** Seek independent assurance, stakeholder review, or other measures of verification that are proportional to the decisions being informed by the analysis.
- **8. Be responsive:** Use the SROI to manage impact.



Summary



- 1. Knows your Water Fingerprint
- 2. Defined the effective Water Stewardships Water Conservation activities based on science
- 3. Water Stewardships should involve communities stakeholders (Community Development based on Water Conservation
- 4. Measure the impact of Water Conservation and Community development
- 5. Start now We're late already

